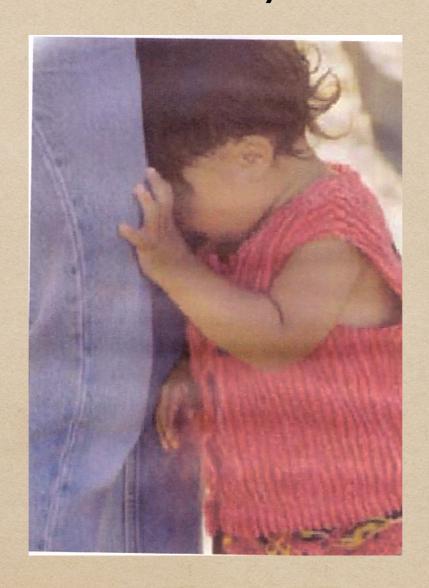
Engaging Shame

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How Do We Recognize SHAME?

Internally, there is <u>negative self-talk</u>.....an internal dialog of critical, judgmental, diminishing, references to the self..

'I am a bad person' (shame) vs. 'I am a worthwhile person who did a bad thing' (guilt).....

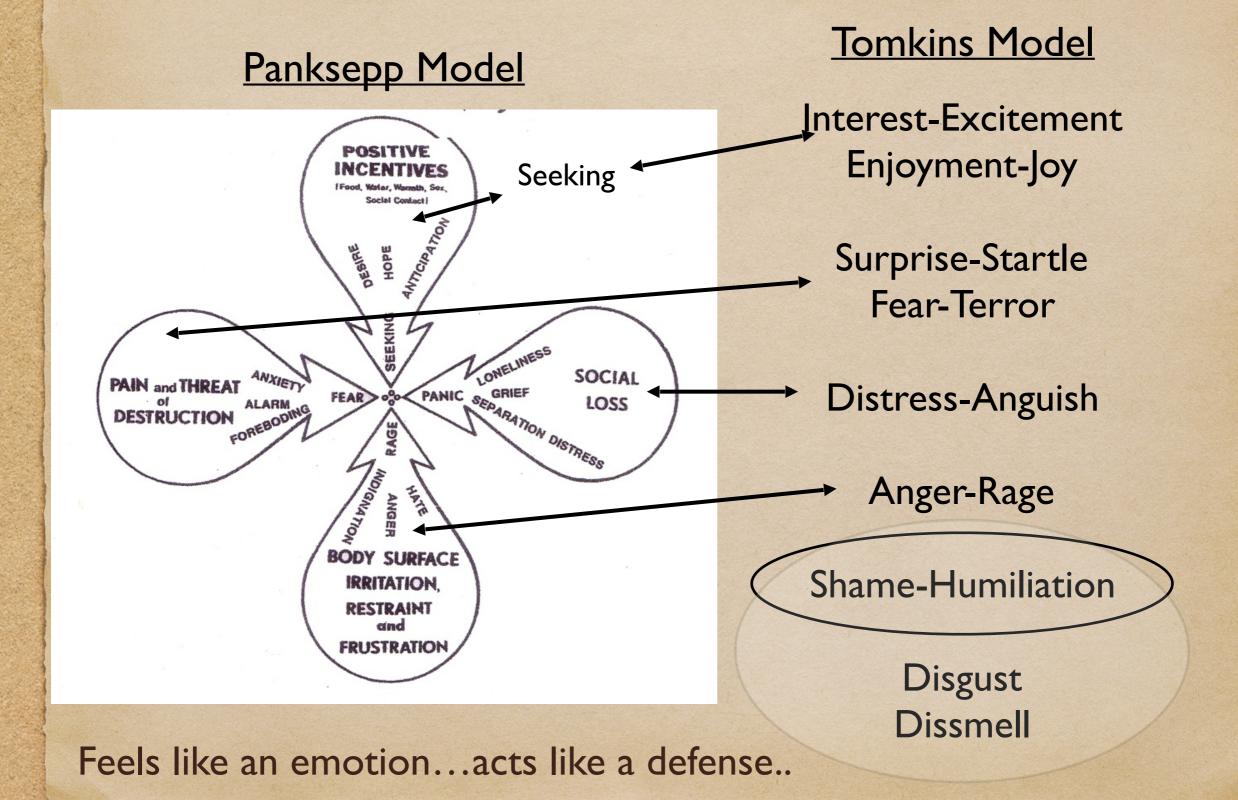
Negative conclusions drawn about the self and its value...self-loathing

There is a <u>behavioral pattern</u> of shutting down emotionally, withdrawing from connection, distancing, isolation, gaze aversion, shame based depression, and a limited capacity of self-observation...(i.e., the ability to reflect on one's experience, cannot distinguish past from present and often triggered by daily life events)...

There is a <u>somatic</u> (bodily) <u>pattern</u> of postural slumping, collapsing, freezing (tightening up muscularly), and numbing...

All of these qualities lie on a continuum of 'occasionally triggered' to 'chronically present'...

The Basic Affects / Sub-Cortical Neural Systems

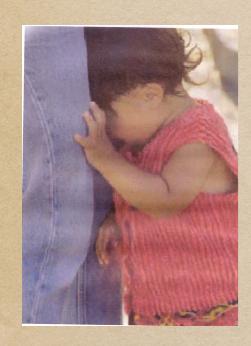


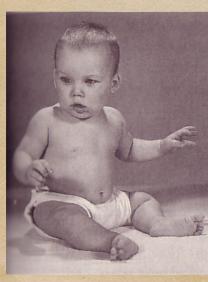
SHAME

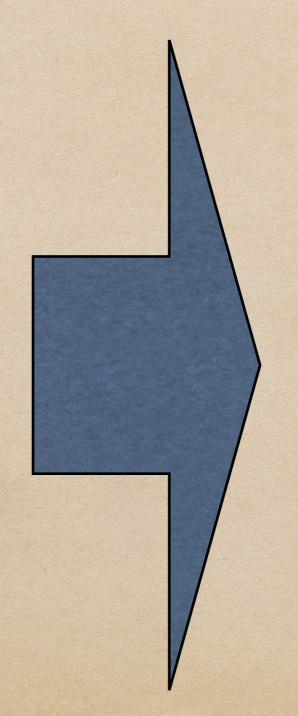
As an Affect

As an Emotional 'Family'

SHAME







Ashamed Being Judgmental Righteousness Humiliation **Embarrassed** Withdrawn Shy Indignant Alienated Worthless Icky and Dirty Critical Depressed **Awkward** Stupid Guilty

The Shame Continuum

All of these qualities lie on a continuum of 'occasionally triggered' to 'chronically present'...

Feeling bad about something you've done

Regret

Feeling Remorse

Withdrawing Disconnecting

Inhibited

Defensive reactions triggered

Toxic Shame

The affect is triggered

State Shame

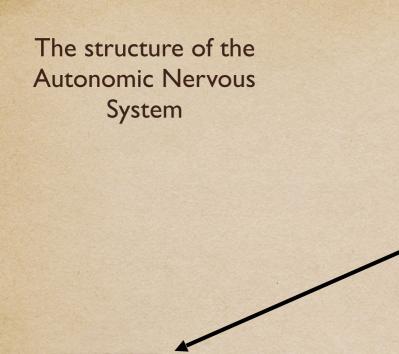
Still capable of connecting to others & yourself - feel bad about the behavior but still cherish (have compassion for yourself) as a "flawed" human being

More and more 'emotional' components

Malignant, Toxic, Trauma - Shame

Withdrawing & disconnecting Becoming defensive & self-involved

These are all forms of 'Downregulation'



Environment

Outside the body

Inside the body

Nervous System

Neuroception Assessing Risk

Danger

Safety is assessed early and often.. when the SES is operating...

Life Threat

Safety

Spontaneously engages others eye contact, facial

expression, prosody supports visceral homeostasis

The Social Engagement System

The Ventral Vagal Network

Defensive strategies

fight/flight behaviors (mobilization)

Sympathetic Nervous System

Defensive strategies

death feigning/shutdown (immobilization) SHAME

The Dorsal Vagal Network

The Nature of SHAME As a Defense

Shame is inhibitory....a 'central inhibitor'...

It is a 'wordless' state...speech and thought are inhibited...

As that function it can dampen and 'down-regulate' the expression of any other affect...(seeking, fear, anger, or loss)..

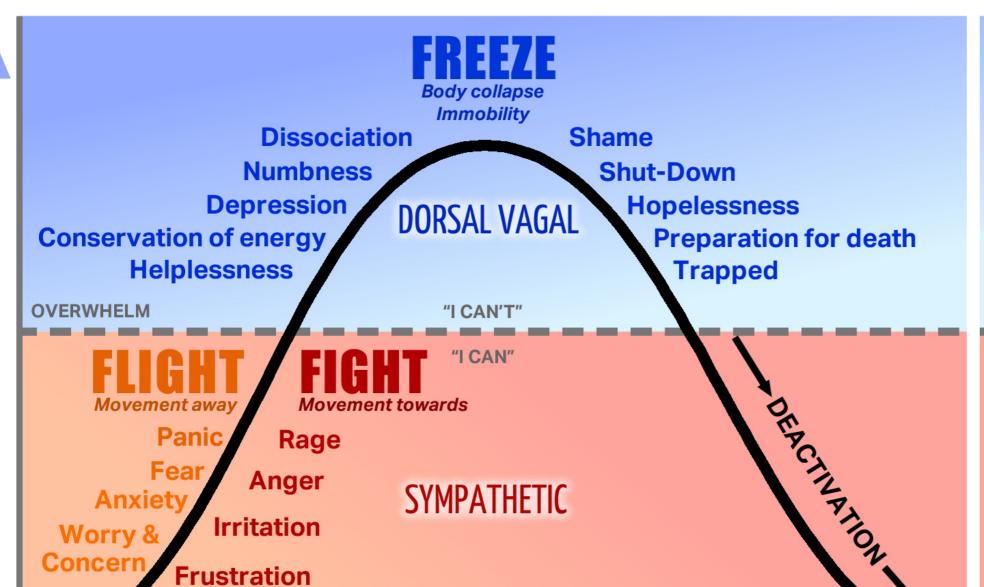
It can serve the individual like any of the other defensive patterns (avoidance or idealization)...to serve as a barrier to the full experience of trauma or any other overwhelming emotions....

So, shame can become a 'safe place' - a resource to remove one from the trauma experience...but because it is defensive in nature, other problems occur (loss of self, lack of emotional connections, etc.)....

Almost always accompanies the failure to protect the core self from harm (when healthy defenses like F/F are activated but obstructed)...so withdrawing and hiding is triggered...

Shame can be a solution to an overwhelming problem and can also be viewed as a protector, a hero, a 'clever solution', etc. Shame can be 'reframed' for the client to reflect its emergence as an aspect of neuroception and it's survival qualities....

Shame is created (manifests) at all levels...as a particular sensation, as a body pattern, as a belief, as a set of cognitions-words and thoughts....In traumatic/chronic shame, it gets established as a procedural implicit memory...a 'posture'...a way of being...



Joy

In the Present

Groundedness

SOCIAL ENGAGEMENT

Connection • Safety
Oriented to the Environment

Curiosity/Openness

Compassion

Mindful

VENTRAL VAGAL

Increases

Fuel storage & insulin activity Endorphins that help numb and raise the pain threshold.

PARASYMPATHETIC NERVOUS SYSTEM DORSAL VAGAL - EMERGENCY STATE

Decreases

Heart Rate • Blood Pressure
Temperature • Muscle Tone
Facial Expressions • Eye Contact
Intonations • Awareness of the Human
Voice • Social Behavior • Sexual
Responses • Immune Response

SYMPATHETIC NERVOUS SYSTEM

Increases

Blood Pressure • Heart Rate Fuel Availability • Adrenaline Oxygen circluation to vital organs Blood Clotting • Pupil Size

Decreases

Fuel Storage • Insulin Activity
Digestion • Salvation
Relational Ability
Immune Response

PARASYMPATHETIC NERVOUS SYSTEM VENTRAL VAGAL

Increases

Digestion • Intestinal Motility
Resistance to Infection
Immune Response
Rest and Recuperation
Circulation to non-vital organs (skin, extremities)
Oxytocin (neuromodulator involved in social

Daytocin (neuromodulator involved in social bonds that allows immobility without fear)

Ability to Polate and Connect

Ability to Relate and Connect

Decreases

Defensive Responses

The Quality of the Personal Experience Called 'Toxic Shame'

"The binding effect of shame involves the whole self. Sustained eye contact with others becomes intolerable. The head is hung. Spontaneous movement is interrupted. And speech is silenced. Exposure itself eradicates the words, thereby causing shame to be almost incommunicable to others. Feeling exposed opens the self to painful, inner scrutiny. We are suddenly watching ourselves, scrutinizing critically the minutest detail of our being. We stand revealed as lesser, painfully diminished in our own eyes and the eyes of others as well."

G. Kaufman

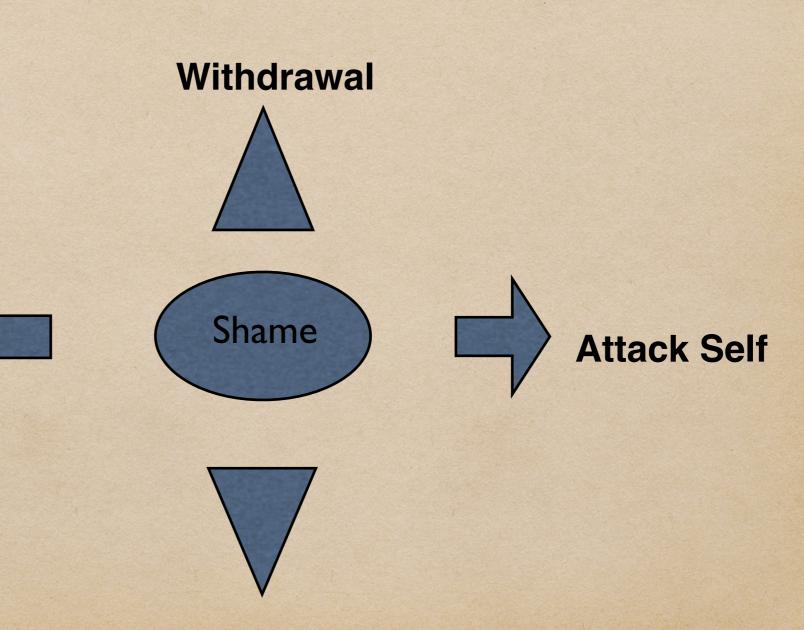
The SHAME Compass

Attack Other

The Four Patterns of Reaction We Exhibit When We Cannot Tolerate Shame..

The Compass describes the avoidant/defensive responses associated with shame and the traumatic material that shame hides..

'Living With', but not able to tolerate the shame constriction



Avoidance

Relational Sources of Shame - I

Shame in many of its forms is relationally based....

A 'Social Emotion'...

A frequent source of chronic shame is Childhood Relational Trauma...'ruptured attachments'...

"Shame is an experience of one's felt sense of self disintegrating in relation to a dysregulating other"...

Judith DeYoung....Chronic Shame

A neurobiological process...

Relational Sources of Shame - 2

The experience of one's self disintegrating in response to acute or sustained misattunement from a significant other...the loss or annihilation of coherence/regulation of the self...

Based on caregiver absence of connection, shaming behavior, or intrusion...

A mismatch between the infants requests for connections and the caregivers gaze and facial expressions...

The internal drive for coherence (self-regulation) creates the need for caring and the expectation for attention and empathy from caregivers...when these needs are met, these patterns become the organizers of self-with-others interactions that follow us through our life....

"The goal of psychotherapy is to help the client move from dysregulation to regulation"...(Grand)

Levels of Treatment

Establishing Mindfulness..."bringing shame into the light"... shame is often hidden, buried, and unconscious...

Exploring Triggers past and present for the shame response....

Processing the traumas and painful experiences that required the defensive response...(what the shame is covering)... also addressing what co-occurs with shame - issues of substance abuse, emotional dysregulation, and attachment/developmental traumas...

Interventions

Relational....because of the deeply relational nature of the origin of shame, the personal relationships are very important in the healing process...the therapeutic environment has to provide a sense of safety (change is not possible without it) and interactions that restore empathic connection...

Neurological..the ways in which the defensive contractions of chronic shame get anchored in the body require therapies that can go deeper than cognitive interventions and can touch memory patterns and reactions that are buried in the limbic system and brainstem....(e.g., EMDR, Brainspotting, Somatic Experiencing and Body-oriented Trauma Therapies)...